

UNROCA original report

Germany 2013

Heavy Weapons - Exports

Category(I-VII)	Final importer state	Number of Items	State of origin (if not exporter)	Intermediate location(s) (if any)	Description of Items	Comments on the transfer
I. Battle tanks	Indonesia	2			Leopard 2	
I. Battle tanks	Turkey	1			Leopard 2	
II. Armoured combat vehicles	Algeria	24			Fuchs (2 as disassembled kits)	
II. Armoured combat vehicles	Brazil	10			Gepard	
II. Armoured combat vehicles	Indonesia	2			Marder 1A3	
II. Armoured combat vehicles	Netherlands	1			MTW M113	
V. (a) Attack helicopters	Belgium	1			NH 90 NFH	
VI. Warships	Colombia	2			Class U 206 A	

Heavy Weapons - Imports

Category(I-VII)	Exporter state	Number of Items	State of origin (if not exporter)	Intermediate location(s) (if any)	Description of Items	Comments on the transfer
I. Battle tanks	Sweden	50			Leopard 2	
II. Armoured combat vehicles	Denmark	21			PIRANHA	
VII. (a) Missiles and missile launchers	United States	16			Missile Launchers ESSM	

Heavy Weapons - Military holdings

Category(I-VII)	Number of Items	Description of Items	Comments on the transfer
I. Battle tanks	815	147 Leopard 1, 668 Leopard 2	
II. Armoured combat vehicles	2245	1179 Marder, 402 Tpz-1 Fuchs, 127 GTK Boxer, 240 Wiesel, 77 BV 206 S, 220 SpWg FENNEK	
III. Large calibre artillery systems	387	10 FH M101, 2 PzH M109, 166 PzH 2000, 124 Tampella, 85 MLRS	
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III. Large calibre artillery systems	387	10 FH M101, 2 PzH M109, 166 PzH 2000, 124 Tampella, 85 MLRS	
IV. (a) Combat aircraft	269	137 Tornado, 100 EF-2000, 24 F-4F, 8 P-3C Orion	
V. (a) Attack helicopters	159	110 BO-105 PAH-1, 27 UH TIGER, 22 SEA LYNX	
VI. Warships	63	12 Frigates, 5 Corvettes, 18 MCM Boats, 8 Fast Patrol Boats (PBFA), 14 Auxiliary Ships, 6 Submarines (SSK Type U 212)	

VII. (a) Missiles and missile launchers	1527		
VII. (b) Man-Portable Air-Defence Systems (MANPADS).	835	MANPADS (STINGER)	

Heavy Weapons - Procurement through national production

Category(I-VII)	Number of Items	Description of Items	Comments on the transfer
II. Armoured combat vehicles	39	35 GTK Boxer GTFz, 4 GTK Boxer FzFz	
IV. (a) Combat aircraft	13	EF-2000 (Eurofighter)	
V. (a) Attack helicopters	5	UH Tiger	
VI. Warships	1	Combat Support Ship	

Related policies

Small Arms Exports

Category	Final Importer state	Number of Items	State of origin (if not exporter)	Intermediate location(s) (if any)	Description of Items	Comments on the transfer
2. Rifles and carbines	Bulgaria	24				
2. Rifles and carbines	Canada	21000				
2. Rifles and carbines	Switzerland	1003				
3. Sub-machine guns	Australia	4				
3. Sub-machine guns	Belgium	49				
3. Sub-machine guns	Brazil	1				
3. Sub-machine guns	Canada	14				
3. Sub-machine guns	Chile	12				
3. Sub-machine guns	Czech Rep.	14				
3. Sub-machine guns	Denmark	10				
3. Sub-machine guns	Estonia	31				
3. Sub-machine guns	Finland	25				
3. Sub-machine guns	France	2				
3. Sub-machine guns	Hungary	130				
3. Sub-machine guns	India	100				
3. Sub-machine guns	Indonesia	183				
3. Sub-machine guns	Japan	521				
3. Sub-machine guns	Rep. of Korea	10				
3. Sub-machine guns	Kuwait	1				
3. Sub-machine guns	Luxembourg	36				
3. Sub-machine guns	Malaysia	36				
3. Sub-machine guns	Norway	1				
3. Sub-machine guns	Oman	250				
3. Sub-machine guns	Poland	73				
3. Sub-machine guns	Portugal	15				
3. Sub-machine guns	Saudi Arabia	20				

3. Sub-machine guns	Singapore	168				
3. Sub-machine guns	Spain	65				
3. Sub-machine guns	Sweden	1				
3. Sub-machine guns	Switzerland	149				
3. Sub-machine guns	United Arab Emirates	341				
3. Sub-machine guns	United States	725				
4. Assault rifles	Afghanistan	12				
4. Assault rifles	Australia	120				
4. Assault rifles	Canada	47				
4. Assault rifles	Chile	1				
4. Assault rifles	Croatia	26				
4. Assault rifles	Czech Rep.	25				
4. Assault rifles	Denmark	7				
4. Assault rifles	Estonia	76				
4. Assault rifles	Finland	20				
4. Assault rifles	France	406				
4. Assault rifles	Hungary	2				
4. Assault rifles	Indonesia	2				
4. Assault rifles	Ireland	123				
4. Assault rifles	Italy	41				
4. Assault rifles	Japan	98				
4. Assault rifles	Jordan	4				
4. Assault rifles	Rep. of Korea	20				
4. Assault rifles	Latvia	850				
4. Assault rifles	Malta	2				
4. Assault rifles	Netherlands	64				
4. Assault rifles	Norway	10003				
4. Assault rifles	Oman	3201				
4. Assault rifles	Poland	60				
4. Assault rifles	Portugal	24				
4. Assault rifles	Saudi Arabia	18201				
4. Assault rifles	Singapore	9				
4. Assault rifles	Slovenia	4				
4. Assault rifles	Spain	129				
4. Assault rifles	Sweden	26				
4. Assault rifles	Switzerland	4				
4. Assault rifles	United Arab Emirates	167				
4. Assault rifles	United Kingdom	257				
4. Assault rifles	United States	927				
5. Light machine guns	Brazil	10				
5. Light machine guns	Chile	4				
5. Light machine guns	Netherlands	5				
5. Light machine guns	Oman	204				
5. Light machine guns	Slovenia	1				

Light Weapons Exports

Category	Final Importer state	Number of Items	State of origin (if not exporter)	Intermediate location(s) (if any)	Description of Items	Comments on the transfer
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Canada	61				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Chile	1				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Czech Rep.	10				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Estonia	10				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	France	77				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Ireland	2				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Italy	3				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Japan	173				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Latvia	50				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Lithuania	30				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Netherlands	12				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Norway	13				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Poland	4				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Portugal	3				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	Spain	3				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	United Arab Emirates	108				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	United Kingdom	1607				
2. Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers	United States	554				
4. Recoilless rifles	Belgium	378				
4. Recoilless rifles	Jordan	502				
4. Recoilless rifles	Singapore	6000				
4. Recoilless rifles	Switzerland	70				
5. Portable anti-tank missile launchers and rocket systems	Luxembourg	2				
6. Mortars of calibres less than 75 mm	Lithuania	1				
7. Others	Finland	2			MK 40 mm (Marine) L/70 Mod.58/59	

Small Arms Imports

Light Weapons Import

National criterion to determine when a transfer takes effect

Views on the future operation of the Register

Referring to UNGA Resolution 66/39 "Transparency in Armaments", in particular to the operative paragraph 5 (a): "5. Reaffirms its decision, with a view to further development of the Register, to keep the scope of and participation in the Register under review and, to that end: (a) Recalls its request to Member States to provide the Secretary-General with their views on the continuing operation of the Register and its further development and on transparency measures related to weapons of mass destruction;" Germany would like to make the following comments: The UN Register of Conventional Arms has proved to be one of the few and effective global transparency measures. Germany strongly supports this instrument and has regularly reported to the Secretary General. It will retain its usefulness even after entry into force of the Arms Trade Treaty as long as this treaty is not yet universal in adherence. Germany has also encouraged states to report in a comprehensive manner, including on Small Arms and Light Weapons. Germany believes that the inclusion of reporting on Small Arms and Light Weapons as a mandatory category of the UN Register would enhance in a substantive way the usefulness of this instrument. In many parts of the world, Small Arms and Light Weapons (SALW) are the main factor of instability, often exceeding heavy weaponry as a stability challenge. In general, it is small arms rather than heavy weaponry fueling regional as well as internal conflicts. The Groups of Governmental Experts that convened according to UNGA Resolutions 57/75, 60/226 and 63/69 and 66/39 in 2003, 2006, 2009 and 2013 respectively all debated on the possibility to include SALW into the register. With the adoption of a universal treaty on the global trade in arms (Arms Trade Treaty - ATT), the register will serve as a reference at the moment of the entry into force of this treaty. As the ATT includes in its scope small arms and light weapons, including small arms and light weapons in the register as well seems even more pertinent. Germany is concerned about the declining number of reports submitted to the Secretary General since the beginning of last decade. Germany believes that a renewed effort should be made to strengthen the universal use of this instrument of transparency and trust building, including by submitting "NIL" reports. The online reporting mechanism established by UNODA is a very useful tool to that end. In view of the dynamic technological progress and the resulting changes regarding shape, operation and nature of conventional weapons, Germany regards it as essential to allow for a flexible and proper evolution of the Register. Due to the recommendations of the respective Groups of Governmental Experts, the Register was developed further since its existence. However, Germany believes that technology has evolved even faster in this period, allowing for the emergence of new weaponry, potent enough to have an impact on overall military effectiveness, but without being properly reflected in the Register. Therefore, we believe that it is time for a more fundamental debate on the nature of the categories, in particular with regard to a further technological acceleration in the future.

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